## **HOUSE BILL No. 1069**

#### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-3-1-3.5.

**Synopsis:** Tax deduction for stillborn child. Provides a \$1,000 deduction from adjusted gross income for each stillborn child born to

a taxpayer during a taxable year.

Effective: January 1, 2010.

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January 7, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.



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#### First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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## **HOUSE BILL No. 1069**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:



- SECTION 1. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.131-2008, SECTION 11 AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.3-2008, SECTION 60, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010]: Sec. 3.5. When used in this article, the term "adjusted gross income" shall mean the following:
- (a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as follows:
  - (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
  - (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed or allowable pursuant to Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of the United States.
  - (3) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a joint return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse one thousand dollars (\$1,000).



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1	(4) Subtract one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:	
2	(A) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of the	
3	Internal Revenue Code;	
4	(B) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f) of	
5	the Internal Revenue Code; <del>and</del>	
6	(C) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by	
7	the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which	
8	the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no gross income	
9	and is not the dependent of another taxpayer; and	_
10	(D) each birth during the taxable year of a stillborn child	
11	of the taxpayer for which a certificate of birth resulting in	
12	stillbirth is issued under IC 16-37-1-8.5.	
13	(5) Subtract:	
14	(A) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, one	
15	thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the	
16	exemptions allowed under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Internal	
17	Revenue Code (as effective January 1, 2004); and	
18	(B) five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount	
19	allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code	
20	if the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the taxpayer	
21	and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return, is less	=4
22	than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000).	
23	This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under	
24	subdivision (4).	
25	(6) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:	
26	(A) that part of the individual's adjusted gross income (as	
27	defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code) for that	
28	taxable year that is subject to a tax that is imposed by a	V
29	political subdivision of another state and that is imposed on or	
30	measured by income; or	
31	(B) two thousand dollars (\$2,000).	
32	(7) Add an amount equal to the total capital gain portion of a	
33	lump sum distribution (as defined in Section 402(e)(4)(D) of the	
34	Internal Revenue Code) if the lump sum distribution is received	
35	by the individual during the taxable year and if the capital gain	
36	portion of the distribution is taxed in the manner provided in	
37	Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
38	(8) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross	
39	income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a	
40	recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction	
41	from adjusted gross income.	
42	(9) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross	



1	income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were	
2	received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement	
3	annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible under	
4	subdivision (1).	
5	(10) Add an amount equal to the deduction allowed under Section	
6	221 of the Internal Revenue Code for married couples filing joint	
7	returns if the taxable year began before January 1, 1987.	
8	(11) Add an amount equal to the interest excluded from federal	
9	gross income by the individual for the taxable year under Section	
10	128 of the Internal Revenue Code if the taxable year began before	
11	January 1, 1985.	
12	(12) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social	
13	Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's	
14	federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
15	(13) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer	
16	residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire	
17	taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant	
18	to subdivisions (3), (4), (5), and (6) shall be reduced to an amount	
19	which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income	
20	taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.	
21	(14) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance	
22	under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,	
23	subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's	
24	adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not	
25	allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and	
26	local income taxes.	
27	(15) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of	
28	a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the	
29	individual's federal adjusted gross income.	
30	(16) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999,	
31	subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums paid	
32	during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long term	
33	care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer or the	
34	taxpayer's spouse, or both.	
35	(17) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:	
36	(A) for a taxable year:	
37	(i) including any part of 2004, the amount determined under	
38	subsection (f); and	
39	(ii) beginning after December 31, 2004, two thousand five	
40	hundred dollars (\$2,500); or	
41	(B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the	
42	taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's	



1	principal place of residence.	
2	(18) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11	
3	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's	
4	federal adjusted gross income.	
5	(19) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
6	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
7	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
8	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
9	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
10	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus	
11	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in	
12	service.	
13	(20) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under	
14	Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
15	(21) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
16	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as	
17	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service	
18	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to	
19	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been	
20	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not	
21	been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
22	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
23	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand	
24	dollars (\$25,000).	
25	(22) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed	
26	as a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable	
27	year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal	
28	income tax purposes.	
29	(23) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of the taxpayer's	
30	qualified military income that was not excluded from the	
31	taxpayer's gross income for federal income tax purposes under	
32	Section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
33	(24) Subtract income that is:	
34	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and	
35	(B) included in the individual's federal adjusted gross income	
36	under the Internal Revenue Code.	
37	(25) Subtract any amount of a credit (including an advance	
38	refund of the credit) that is provided to an individual under 26	
39	U.S.C. 6428 (federal Economic Stimulus Act of 2008) and	
40	included in the individual's federal adjusted gross income.	
41	(b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as	
12	defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as	



1	follows:	
2	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article	
3	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.	
4	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed	
5	or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue	
6	Code.	
7	(3) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed	
8	or allowable pursuant to Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code	
9	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state	
10	level by any state of the United States.	1
11	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the	
12	corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal	
13	Revenue Code.	
14	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	
15	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus	
16	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an	
17	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income	
18	that would have been computed had an election not been made	
19	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus	
20	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in	
21	service.	ı
22	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section	
23	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.	
24	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted	ļ
25	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as	
26	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service	
27	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to	1
28	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been	
29	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not	1
30	been made for the year in which the property was placed in	
31	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal	
32	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand	
33	dollars (\$25,000).	
34	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as	
35	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year	
36	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal	
37	income tax purposes.	
38	(9) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20 the amount of	
39	intangible expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20) and any directly	
40	related intangible interest expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20) for	
41	the taxable year that reduced the corporation's taxable income (as	
42	defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) for federal	



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2	income tax purposes. (10) Add an amount equal to any deduction for dividends paid (as
3	defined in Section 561 of the Internal Revenue Code) to
4	shareholders of a captive real estate investment trust (as defined
5	in section 34.5 of this chapter).
6	(11) Subtract income that is:
7	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
8	(B) included in the corporation's taxable income under the
9	Internal Revenue Code.
10	(c) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section
11	816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana
12	law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined
13	in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
14	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
15	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
16	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
17	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.
18	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
19	under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
20	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
21	level by any state.
22	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
23	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
24	Revenue Code.
25	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
26	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
27	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
28	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
29	that would have been computed had an election not been made
30	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
31	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
32	service.
33	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
34	172 or Section 810 of the Internal Revenue Code.
35	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
36	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
37	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
38	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
39	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
40	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
41	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
42	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal



1	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
2	dollars (\$25,000).
3	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as
4	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year
5	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal
6	income tax purposes.
7	(9) Subtract income that is:
8	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
9	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
10	the Internal Revenue Code.
11	(d) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section
12	831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the
13	same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal
14	Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
15	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
16	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
17	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
18	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.
19	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
20	under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
21	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
22	level by any state.
23	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
24	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal
25	Revenue Code.
26	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
27	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
28	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
29	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
30	that would have been computed had an election not been made
31	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
32	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
33	service.
34	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
35	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
36	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
37	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
38	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
39	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
40	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
41	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
12	been made for the year in which the property was placed in



1	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
2	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
3	dollars (\$25,000).
4	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as
5	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year
6	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal
7 8	income tax purposes. (9) Subtract income that is:
9	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
10	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
11	the Internal Revenue Code.
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	(e) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for
13	trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as follows:
14 15	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
16	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
17	(2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11
18	terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal
19	adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September
20	11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim
21	of the September 11 terrorist attack.
22	(3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
23	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
24	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an
25	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
26	that would have been computed had an election not been made
27	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
28	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
29	service.
30	(4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
31	172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
32	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
33	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
34	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
35	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
36	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
37	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not
38	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
39	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal
40	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
41	dollars (\$25,000).
42	(6) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as
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1	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year	
2	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal	
3	income tax purposes.	
4	(7) Subtract income that is:	
5	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and	
6	(B) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the	
7	Internal Revenue Code.	
8	(f) This subsection applies only to the extent that an individual paid	
9	property taxes in 2004 that were imposed for the March 1, 2002,	
0	assessment date or the January 15, 2003, assessment date. The	
.1	maximum amount of the deduction under subsection (a)(17) is equal	
2	to the amount determined under STEP FIVE of the following formula:	
.3	STEP ONE: Determine the amount of property taxes that the	
4	taxpayer paid after December 31, 2003, in the taxable year for	
5	property taxes imposed for the March 1, 2002, assessment date	
6	and the January 15, 2003, assessment date.	
7	STEP TWO: Determine the amount of property taxes that the	
8	taxpayer paid in the taxable year for the March 1, 2003,	
9	assessment date and the January 15, 2004, assessment date.	
20	STEP THREE: Determine the result of the STEP ONE amount	
21	divided by the STEP TWO amount.	
22	STEP FOUR: Multiply the STEP THREE amount by two	
23	thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).	
24	STEP FIVE: Determine the sum of the STEP FOUR amount and	_
25	two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).	
26	SECTION 2. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2010] IC 6-3-1-3.5, as	
27	amended by this act, applies only to taxable years beginning after	
28	December 31, 2009.	V

